- (1) All litigation costs, including attorney's fees, court costs and other related costs, to the extent permitted under applicable law; and
- (2) All prior collection costs incurred and not yet paid by the borrower.
- (c)(1) An institution shall ensure that any funds collected as a result of litigation procedures are—
- (i) Deposited in interest-bearing bank accounts that are—
- (A) Insured by an agency of the Federal Government; or
- (B) Secured by collateral of reasonably equivalent value; or
- (ii) Invested in low-risk income-producing securities, such as obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States.
- (2) An institution shall exercise the level of care required of a fiduciary with regard to these deposits and investments.
- (d) If the institution is unable to collect the full amount owing on the loan after following the procedures set forth in §§ 674.41 through 674.46, the institution may—
- (1) Submit the account to the Secretary for assignment in accordance with the procedures in §674.50; or
- (2) With the Secretary's approval, refer the account to the Department for collection.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 424, 1087cc)

[52 FR 45555, Nov. 30, 1987, as amended at 59 FR 61412, 61415, Nov. 30, 1994]

## § 674.47 Costs chargeable to the Fund.

- (a) General: Billing costs. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the institution shall assess against the borrower, in accordance with §674.43(b)(2) the cost of actions taken with regard to past-due payments on the loan.
- (2) If the amount recovered from the borrower does not suffice to pay the amount of the past-due payments and the penalty or late charges, the institution may charge the Fund for only that unpaid portion of the cost of telephone calls to the borrower made pursuant to §674.43 to demand payment of overdue amounts on the loan.
- (b) General: Collection costs. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, the institution shall assess against the borrower, in accordance

- with §§ 674.45(e) and 674.46(b), the costs of actions taken on the loan obligation pursuant to §§ 674.44, 674.45, 674.46, 674.48 and 674.49.
- (2) If the amount recovered from the borrower does not suffice to pay the amount on the past-due payments late charges, and these collection costs, the institution may charge and Fund the unpaid collection costs in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section.
- (c) Waiver: Late charges. The institution may waive late charges assessed against a borrower who repays the full amount of the past-due payments on a loan.
- (d) Waiver: collection costs. Before filing suit on a loan, the institution may waive collection costs as follows:
- (1) The institution may waive the percentage of collection costs applicable to the amount then past-due on a loan equal to the percentage of that past-due balance that the borrower pays within 30 days after the date on which the borrower and the institution enter into a written repayment agreement on the loan.
- (2) The institution may waive all collection costs in return for a lump-sum payment of the full amount of principal and interest outstanding on a loan.
- (e) Limitations on costs charged to the Fund. The institution may charge to the Fund the following collection costs waived under paragraph (d) of this section or not paid by the borrower:
- (1) A reasonable amount for the cost of a successful address search required in §674.44(b).
- (2) Costs related to the use of credit bureaus as provided in 674.45(b)(1).
- (3) For first collection efforts pursuant to §674.45(a)(2), an amount that does not exceed 30 percent of the amount of principal, interest and late charges collected.
- (4) For second collection efforts pursuant to \$674.45(c)(1)(ii), an amount that does not exceed 40 percent of the amount of principal, interest and late charges collected.
- (5) Until July 1, 2002 on loans rehabilitated pursuant to \$674.39, amounts that exceed the amounts specified in \$674.39(c)(1) but are less than—

## § 674.48

- (i) 30 percent if the loan was rehabilitated while in a first collection effort; or
- (ii) 40 percent if the loan was rehabilitated while in a second collection effort.
- (6) For collection costs resulting from litigation, including attorney's fees, an amount that does not exceed the sum of—
- (i) Court costs specified in 28 U.S.C. 1920:
- (ii) Other costs incurred in bankruptcy proceedings in taking actions required or authorized under §674.49;
- (iii) Costs of other actions in bankruptcy proceedings to the extent that those costs, together with costs described in paragraph (e)(5)(ii) of this section, do not exceed 40 percent of the total amount of judgment obtained on the loan; and
- (iv) 40 percent of the total amount recovered from the borrower in any other proceeding.
- (7) If a collection firm agrees to perform or obtain the performance of both collection and litigation services on a loan, an amount for both functions that does not exceed the sum of 40 percent of the amount of principal, interest and late charges collected on the loan, plus court costs specified in 28 U.S.C. 1920.
- (f) Records. For audit purposes, an institution shall support the amount of collection costs charged to the Fund with appropriate documentation, including telephone bills and receipts from collection firms. The documentation must be maintained in the institution's files as provided in §674.19.
- (g) Cessation of collection activity of defaulted accounts. (1) An institution may cease collection activity on a defaulted account with a balance of less than \$25, including outstanding principal, acrued interest, collection costs, and late charges, if the borrower has been billed for this balance in accordance with section 674.43(a).
- (2) An institution may cease collection activity on a defaulted account with a balance of less than \$200, including outstanding principal, accrued interest, collection costs, and late charges if—
- (i) The institution has carried out the due diligence procedures described

- in subpart C of the part with regard to this account; and
- (ii) For a period of at least 4 years, the borrower has not made a payment on the account, converted the account to regular repayment status, or applied for a deferment, postponement, or cancellation on the account.
- (h) Write-offs of accounts of less than \$5. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision in this subpart, an institution may write off an account with a balance of less than \$5, including outstanding principal, accrued interest, collection costs, and late charges.
- (2) An institution that writes off an account under this paragraph may no longer include the amount of the account as an asset of the Fund.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1845–0023)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 424, 1087cc)

[52 FR 45555, Nov. 30, 1987, as amended at 57 FR 32346, July 21, 1992; 57 FR 60706, Dec. 21, 1992; 59 FR 61412, Nov. 30, 1994; 60 FR 61815, Dec. 1, 1995; 64 FR 58313, Oct. 28, 1999]

## § 674.48 Use of contractors to perform billing and collection or other program activities.

- (a) The institution is responsible for ensuring compliance with the billing and collection procedures set forth in this subpart. The institution may use employees to perform these duties or may contract with other parties to perform them.
- (b) An institution that contracts for performance of any duties under this subpart remains responsible for compliance with the requirements of this subpart in performing these duties, including decisions regarding cancellation, postponement, or deferment of repayment, extension of the repayment period, other billing and collection matters, and the safeguarding of all funds collected by its employees and contractors.
- (c) If an institution uses a billing service to carry out billing procedures under §674.43, the institution shall ensure that the service—
- (1) Provides at least quarterly, a statement to the institution which shows—
- (i) Its activities with regard to each borrower;